

Debate: Surgical vs Nonsurgical Care of Mildly Displaced Calvicle Fracture

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no disclosures





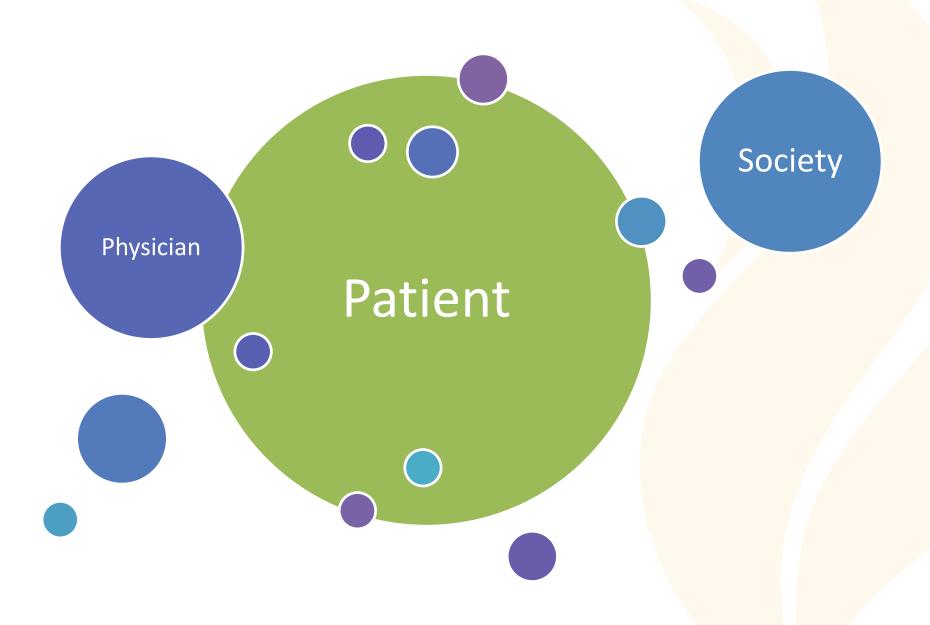
Clavicle fractures – operative vs nonop

- 36 yo male with fall playing tackle football on weekend with his buddies
- Isolated injury
- No major medical problems
- RHD. Works as an accountant
- Fuller nonoperative
- Kazanjian operative

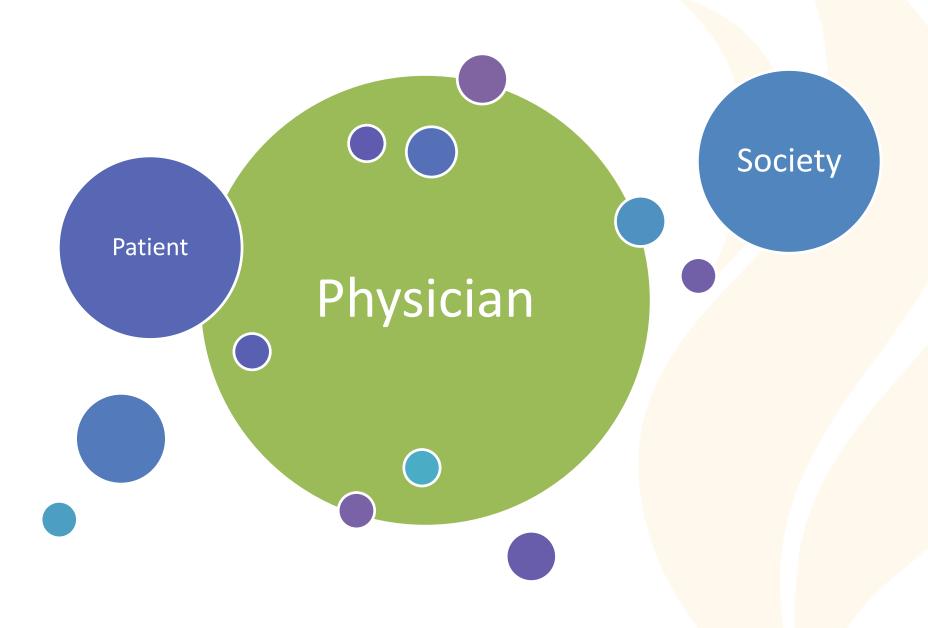
decision

who is making the decision?

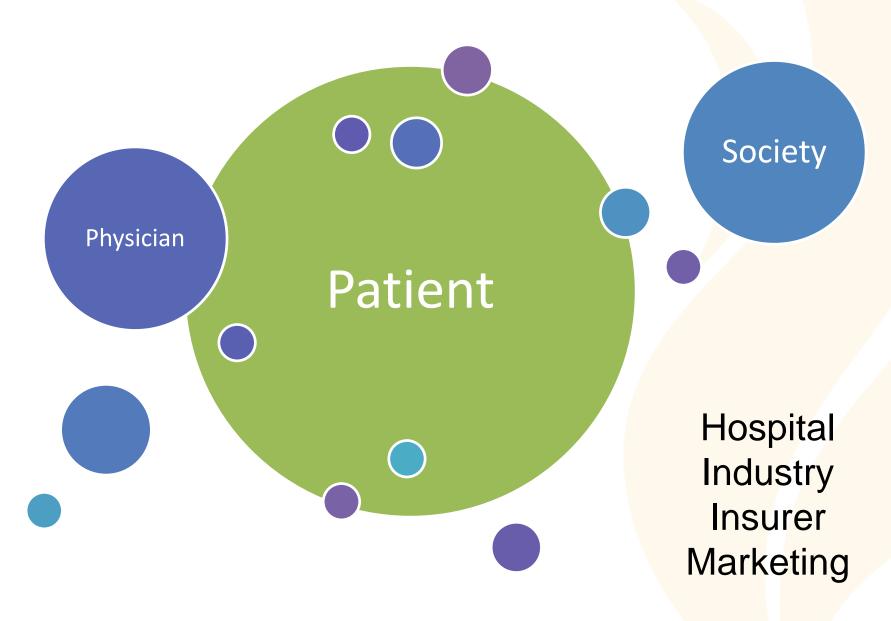
to whose benefit is the decision being made?













Decision Matrix

	Option Rating: COST	Option Rating: RELIABILITY*	Option Rating: EFFICIENCY*	Option Rating: DESIRABILITY *
New Chevrolet	0.12	0.24	0.40	0.65
Used Mercedes	0.33	0.37	0.10	0.22
Pre-Owned Ford	0.01	0.37	0.49	0.12
Uncle Henry's Car	0.54	0.01	0.01	0.01



Decision Matrix - Clavicle Fracture

Ideal Treatment

Functional Outcome: Full Recovery

Time to Recovery: Immediate

Variability: 100% Predictable

Cost: No Cost

Desirability: High

The closer we can get to these, the better



	Functional Outcome	Time Investment	Predictability	Cost	Desirability
Nonsurgical	a	b	С	d	e
Surgical	1-a	1-b	1-c	1-d	1-e



Functional Outcome and Time:

Nonoperative Treatment Compared with Plate Fixation of Displaced Midshaft Clavicular Fractures

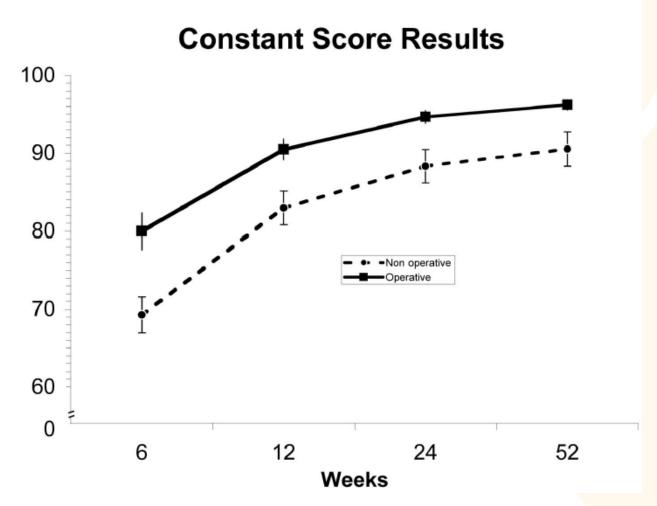
A Multicenter, Randomized Clinical Trial

By the Canadian Orthopaedic Trauma Society

132 Patients
Randomized
2007
JBJS

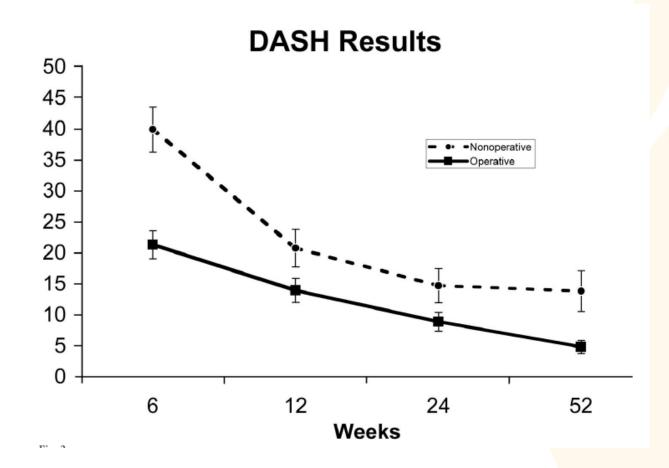


Outcome:





Outcome:





Functional Outcome and Time:

The Clavicle Trial

A Multicenter Randomized Controlled Trial Comparing Operative with Nonoperative Treatment of Displaced Midshaft Clavicle Fractures

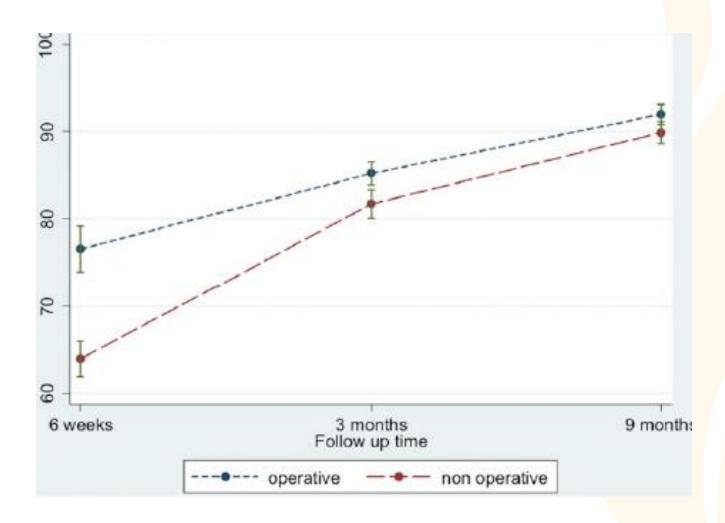
Philip M. Ahrens, FRCS(Tr&Orth), Nicholas I. Garlick, FRCS(Tr&Orth), Julie Barber, PhD, Emily M. Tims, MSc, and The Clavicle Trial Collaborative Group

Investigation performed at the Department of Trauma and Orthopaedics, Royal Free Hampstead NHS Foundation Trust, London, United Kingdom

301 Patients
Randomized
2017
JBJS

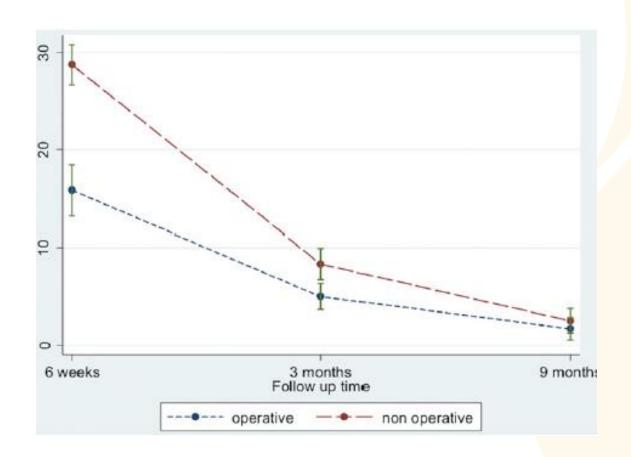


Outcome: Constant Score





Outcome: DASH Score





Outcome:

The Clavicle Trial

A Multicenter Randomized Controlled Trial Comparing Operative with Nonoperative Treatment of Displaced Midshaft Clavicle Fractures

Philip M. Ahrens, FRCS(Tr&Orth), Nicholas I. Garlick, FRCS(Tr&Orth), Julie Barber, PhD, Emily M. Tims, MSc, and The Clavicle Trial Collaborative Group

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Our conclusion is that the outcome of a united midshaft clavicle fracture is good, regardless of whether the patient was treated operatively or nonoperatively. Both treatment modalities are safe, with few substantial complications demonstrated in this study population.



Predictability (Complications):

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NonSurgical
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Nonunion - 10%

Malunion

Aesthetic Deformity - bump

drooping shoulder

Surgical

Infection, including osteomyelitis

Nonunion

Chest Wall Numbness

Prominent Hardware

Aesthetic Deformity (ugly scar)

Other



A Cost Analysis of Internal Fixation Versus Nonoperative Treatment in Adult Midshaft Clavicle Fractures Using Multiple Randomized Controlled Trials

Blaine Walton, MD, Karim Meijer, MD, Keith Melancon, MD, and Michael Hartman, MD

Expected Cost:

Surgical: \$14,763.21

Nonsurgical: \$3,112.65



Epidemiology

Clavicle Fracture Annual Incidence: 5.8/10,000

US Population: 323.13 million

Clavicle Fracture: 80% midshaft, 50% displaced

 $323,130,000 \times 5.8/10,000 = 187,415$ clavicle fx/year US

 $187,415 \times $14,763.21 = $2,766,847,002.15$



Desirability

No Surgery beats Surgery





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	Functional Outcome	Time Investment	Predictability	Cost	Desirability
Nonsurgical					
Surgical					



	Functional Outcome	Time Investment	Predictability	Cost	Desirability
Nonsurgical	.5				
Surgical	.5				



	Functional Outcome	Time Investment	Predictability	Cost	Desirability
Nonsurgical	.5	.6			
Surgical	.5	.4			



	Functional Outcome	Time Investment	Predictability	Cost	Desirability
Nonsurgical	.5	.6	.5		
Surgical	.5	.4	.5		



	Functional Outcome	Time Investment	Predictability	Cost	Desirability
Nonsurgical	.5	.6	.5	.2	
Surgical	.5	.4	.5	.8	



	Functional Outcome	Time Investment	Predictability	Cost	Desirability
Nonsurgical	.5	.6	.5	.2	1.0
Surgical	.5	.4	.5	.8	0



Summary Thoughts:

of Rowan University

Complex Decision Making

Functional Outcome, Time Investment, Predictability, Cost and Desirability, considered together,

Favor Nonsurgical Care attempting decision optimization for this particular patient

This argument can be biased by focusing too heavily on a single component

Or the argument can be perverted by focusing on optimizing outcome of individual players who may be acting out of self interest





"The way we treat shoulder pain here is to divert your attention to something else."